

Locks Heath Infant & Nursery School

Supporting Children with Medical Conditions Policy



Name of School:	Locks Heath Infant & Nursery School
Headteacher:	Mr R Jump
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Next review:	Spring 1 2027

Introduction

Section 100 of The Children and Families Act 2014 places a duty on *the governing body of this school* to make arrangements for supporting children at their premise with medical conditions. The Department of Education have produced statutory guidance 'Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions' and we will have regard to this guidance when meeting this requirement.

We will endeavour to ensure that children with medical conditions are properly supported so that they have full access to education, including school trips and physical education. The aim is to ensure that all children with medical conditions, in terms of both their physical and mental health, are properly supported in school so that they can play a full and active role in school life, remain healthy and achieve their academic potential.

It is our policy to ensure that all medical information will be treated confidentially by the Headteacher and staff. All administration of medicines is arranged and managed in accordance with the Supporting Pupils with Medical Needs document. All staff have a duty of care to follow and co-operate with the requirements of this policy.

Where children have a disability, the requirement of the Equality Act 2010 will apply.

Where children have an identified special need, the SEN Code of Practice will also apply.

We recognise that medical conditions may impact social and emotional development as well as having educational implications.

Key Roles & Responsibilities

Statutory Requirement: The Headteacher (as delegated to by the governing body) should ensure that the school's policy clearly identifies the roles and responsibilities of all those involved in the arrangements they make to support children at school with medical conditions.

It is recognised that it is not the sole responsibility of one person to support a child with a medical condition. Effective support depends on the ability to work cooperatively with outside agencies. Partnership working between school staff, healthcare professionals, local authorities, parents and pupils is critical.

The Headteacher (as delegated to by the Governing Body) is responsible for:

- Making arrangements to support pupils with medical conditions in school, including making sure that a policy supporting pupils with medical conditions in school is developed and effectively implemented for supporting pupils with medical conditions.
- Ensuring that all staff are aware of the policy.
- Ensuring that pupils with medical conditions are supported to enable the fullest participation possible in all aspects of school life.
- Ensuring that sufficient staff have received suitable training and are competent before they take on responsibility to support children with medical conditions.
- Ensure that sufficient numbers of staff are available to implement the policy and deliver against all individual health plans, including contingency and emergency situations.
- Ensuring that any members of school staff who provide support to pupils with medical conditions are able to access information and other teaching support materials as needed.
- Ensuring that all staff who need to know are aware of the child's condition.

- Ensuring the school nursing team are contacted in the case of any child who has a medical condition that may require support at school, but who has not yet been brought to the attention of the school nursing team.

The Headteacher has overall responsibility for Healthcare plans.

Teachers and Support Staff are responsible for:

Any member of school staff may be asked to provide support to pupils with medical conditions, including the administering of medicines, although they cannot be required to do so. Although administering medicines is not part of teachers' professional duties they should take into account the needs of pupils with medical conditions that they teach.

School staff will receive sufficient and suitable training and achieve the necessary level of competency before they take on responsibility to support children with medical conditions.

Any member of school staff should know what to do and respond accordingly when they become aware that a pupil with a medical condition needs help.

The School Nursing Team is responsible for:

- Notifying the school when a child has been identified as having a medical condition which will require support in school. (Wherever possible they should do this before the child starts school)

They would not usually have an extensive role in ensuring that schools are taking appropriate steps to support children with medical conditions, but may support staff on implementing a child's individual healthcare plan and provide advice and liaison, for example on training. School nursing team can liaise with lead clinicians locally on appropriate support for the child and associated staff training needs.

Other healthcare professionals, including GPs and Paediatricians should notify the school nursing team when a child has been identified as having a medical condition that will require support for school. They may provide advice on developing health care plans.

Parents are responsible for :

Parents should provide the school with sufficient and up-to-date information about their child's medical needs. They may in some cases be the first to notify school that their child has a medical condition. Parents are key partners and should be involved in the development and review of their child's individual healthcare plan, and may be involved in its drafting. They should carry out any action they have agreed to as part of its implementation e.g. provide medicines and equipment and ensure they or another nominated adult are contactable at all times.

Local Arrangements

Identifying children with health conditions

Statutory Requirement: The Headteacher (as delegated to by the Governing Body) will ensure that the policy sets out the procedures to be followed for whenever a school is notified that a pupil has a medical condition.

School leaders and staff will aim to identify children with medical needs on entry to the school by working in partnership with parents/ carers and following the process outlined in the document 'Process for identifying children with a health condition' produced by the Southern Health School Nursing Team in conjunction with the Children's Services Health and Safety Team. We will use the 'Health Questionnaire for Schools' to obtain the information required for each child's medical

needs to ensure that we have appropriate arrangements in place prior to the child commencing at the school to support them accordingly.

All medical protocols are shared with the Key Stage 2 setting to which a child is transferring. Where a formal diagnosis is awaited or is unclear, we will plan to implement arrangements to support the child, based on the current evidence available for their condition. We will ensure that every effort is made to involve some formal medical evidence and consultation with the parents.

Individual Health Care Plans

Statutory Requirement: The Headteacher (as delegated to by the Governing Body) will ensure that the school's policy covers the role of individual healthcare plans, and who is responsible for their development in supporting children at school with medical conditions.

We recognise that Individual Healthcare Plans are recommended in particular where conditions fluctuate or where there is a high risk that emergency intervention will be needed, and are likely to be helpful in the majority of other cases, especially where medical conditions are long term and complex. However, not all children will require one. The school, healthcare professional and parent will agree based on evidence when a healthcare plan would be inappropriate or disproportionate.

Where children require an individual healthcare plan it will be the responsibility of the SAO, in conjunction with the Headteacher, to work with parents and relevant healthcare professionals to write the plan.

A healthcare plan (and its review) may be initiated in consultation with the parent/carer, by a member of school staff or by a healthcare professional involved in providing care to the child. The SAO, along with the SAA and AA, will work in partnership with the parents/carer, and a relevant healthcare professional e.g. specialist or children's community nursing, who can best advise on the particular needs of the child to draw up and/or review the plan. Where a child has a special educational need identified in a statement or Educational Health Care (EHC) plan, the individual healthcare plan will be linked to or become part of that statement or EHC plan.

We may also refer to the flowchart contained within the document 'Process for identifying children with a health condition' for identifying and agreeing the support a child needs and then developing the individual healthcare plan.

We will use an individual healthcare plan template produced by the school using DfE guidance. If a child is returning following a period of hospital education or alternative provision (including home tuition), we will work with Hampshire County Council and the education provider to ensure that the individual healthcare plan identifies the support the child will need to reintegrate effectively.

Statutory Requirement: The Headteacher (as delegated to by the Governing Body) should ensure that all plans are reviewed at least annually or earlier if evidence is presented that the child's needs have changed. Plans should be developed with the child's best interests in mind and ensure that the school assesses and manages the risks to the child's education, health and social well-being and minimise disruption.

Where it is known that a child's needs have changed healthcare plans will be reviewed and in any case yearly from their start date.

Statutory Requirement: When deciding what information should be recorded on individual healthcare plans, the Headteacher, SAO and SAA / AA overseeing the renewal should consider the following:

- The medical condition, its triggers, signs, symptoms and treatments
- The pupil's resulting needs including medication (dose, side effects and storage) and other treatments, time facilities, equipment, testing, access to food and drink where this is used to manage their condition, dietary requirements and environmental issues e.g. crowded corridors, travel time between lessons
- Specific support for pupil's educational, social and emotional needs- for example, how absences will be managed, requirements for extra time to complete exams, use of rest periods or additional support in catching up lessons, counselling sessions.
- The level of support needed (some children will be able to take responsibility for their own health needs) including emergencies. If a child is self-managing their medications, this should be clearly stated with appropriate arrangements for monitoring.
- Who will provide this support, their training needs, expectations of their role and confirmation of proficiency to provide support for the child's medical condition from a healthcare professional; and cover arrangements for where they are unavailable
- Who in the school needs to be aware of the child's conditions and the support required
- Arrangements for written permission from parents and the Headteacher for medication to be administered by a member of staff, or self- administered by the pupil during school hours.
- Separate arrangements or procedures required for school trips or other school activities outside the normal school timetable that will ensure the child can participate e.g. risk assessments
- Where confidentiality issues are raised by the parents/child, the designated individuals to be entrusted with information about the child's condition
- What to do in an emergency, including whom to contact and contingency arrangements. Some children may have an emergency, healthcare plan prepared by their lead clinician that could be used to inform development of their individual healthcare plan.

Staff training

Statutory Requirement: The Governing Body should ensure that this policy clearly sets out how staff will be supported in carrying out their role to support children with medical conditions, and how this will be reviewed. It should specify how training needs will be assessed and by whom training will be commissioned and provided.

Any member of school staff providing support to a child with medical needs will receive suitable training.

Staff must not administer prescription medicines or undertake any health care procedures without the appropriate training (updated to reflect any individual healthcare plans)

In some cases, written instructions from the parent or on the medication container dispensed by the pharmacist will be considered sufficient, but ultimately this is for the school to decide, having taken into consideration the training requirements as specified in pupils individual health care plans. A first aid certificate does not constitute appropriate training in supporting children with medical conditions.

Registered Healthcare professionals, including the school nursing, can provide confirmation of the proficiency of staff in medical procedure, or in providing medication.

All new staff will be inducted on the policy when they join the school through their induction meeting.

All nominated staff will be provided awareness training on the school's policy for supporting children with medical conditions which will include what their role is in implementing the policy. This training will be carried out annually.

The awareness training will be provided to staff by Inset day or staff meeting.

We will retain evidence that staff have been provided the relevant awareness training on the policy by signature sheets of attendance.

Where required we will work with the relevant registered healthcare professionals to identify and agree the type and level of training required and identify where the training can be obtained from. This will include ensuring that the training is sufficient to ensure staff are competent and confident in their ability to support children with medical conditions. The training will include preventative and emergency measures so that staff can recognise and act quickly when a problem occurs and therefore allow them to fulfil the requirements set out in the individual healthcare plan.

Any training undertaken will form part of the overall training plan for the school and refresher awareness training will be scheduled at appropriate intervals agreed with the relevant registered healthcare professional delivering the training.

A 'Staff training record– administration of medicines' form will be completed to document the type of awareness training undertaken, the date of training and the competent registered health care professional or in some cases the parent providing the training.

The child's role

Statutory Requirement: The Governing body will ensure that the school's policy covers arrangements for children who are competent to manage their own health needs and medicines.

Where possible and in discussion with parents, children that are competent will be encouraged to take responsibility for managing their own medicines and procedures. This will be recorded in their individual healthcare plan. The healthcare plan will reference what will happen should a child who self-administers refuse to take their medication (this will normally be informing the parent/carer at the earliest opportunity).

We will agree with relevant healthcare professionals/parent the appropriate level of supervision required and document this in their healthcare plan.

Managing medicines on School Premises

Statutory Requirement: The Governing Body will ensure that the school's policy is clear about the procedures to be followed for managing medicines.

The administration of medicines is the overall responsibility of the parents/carers. Where clinically possible we will encourage parents to ask for medicines to be prescribed in dose frequencies which enable them to be taken outside of school hours. However, the Headteacher is responsible for ensuring children are supported with their medical needs whilst on site,

therefore this may include managing medicines where it would be detrimental to a child's health or school attendance not to do so.

We will not give prescription medicines to a child under 16 without their parent's/carers written consent (a 'parental agreement for setting to administer medicines' form will be used to record this), except in exceptional circumstances where the medicine has been prescribed to the child without the knowledge of the parents. In such cases, we will make every effort to encourage the child or young person to involve their parents while respecting their right to confidentiality.

A documented tracking system to record all medicines received in and out of the premises will be put in place. The Children's Services Medication Tracking Form is used for this purpose.

The name of the child, dose, expiry and shelf life dates will be checked before medicines are administered.

On occasions where a child refuses to take their medication the parents will be informed at the earliest available opportunity.

We will only accept prescribed medicines that are in date, labelled, provided in the original container as dispensed by the pharmacist and include instructions for administration, their dosage and storage. Insulin is the exception, which must still be in date but will generally be available to schools inside an insulin pen or a pump, rather than its original container.

Controlled drugs will be securely stored in a non-portable container which only named staff will have access to. We will ensure that the drugs are easily accessible in an emergency situation. A record will be kept of any doses used and the amount of the controlled drug held in school.

We will never administer aspirin or medicine containing Ibuprofen to any child under 16 years old unless prescribed by a doctor.

Any homeopathic remedies to be administered will require a letter of consent from the child's doctor and will be administered at the discretion of the Headteacher.

Emergency medicines will be stored in a safe location but not locked away to ensure they are easily accessible in the case of an emergency.

Types of emergency medicines include:

- Injections of adrenaline for acute allergic reactions
- Inhalers for asthmatics
- Injections of Glucagon for diabetic hypoglycaemia

Other emergency medication e.g. Rectal diazepam or Buccal Midazolam for major seizures will be stored in accordance with the normal prescribed medicines procedures (see storage section).

Storage

All medication other than emergency medication will be stored safely in a cabinet out of the reach of children.

Where medicines need to be refrigerated, they will be stored in a clearly labelled airtight container in a separate refrigerator.

Children will be made aware of where their medicines are at all times and be able to access them immediately where appropriate. Where relevant they should know who holds the key to the storage facility.

Medicines such as asthma inhalers, blood glucose testing meters and adrenaline pens will always be readily available to children and not locked away. We will also ensure that they are readily available when outside of the school premises or on school trips.

Storage of medication whilst off site will be maintained at steady temperature and secure. There will be appropriately trained staff present to administer day to day and emergency medication and copies of individual health care plans will be taken off site to ensure appropriate procedures are followed.

Disposal

It is the responsibility of the parents/carers to dispose of their child's medicines. It is our policy to return any medicines that are no longer required including those where the date has expired to the parents/carers. Parents/carers will be informed of this when the initial agreements are made to administer medicines. Medication returned to parent/ carers will be documented on the tracking medication form.

Sharps boxes will be in place for the disposal of needles. Parents will be required to make arrangements for sharps box to be kept in school and when full parents are contacted to arrange for collection and disposal.

Medical Accommodation

The medical room is situated in the admin corridor and will be used for all medical administration/treatment purposes. The medical room will be made available when required.

Record keeping

Statutory Requirement: The Headteacher (as delegated to by the Governing Body) should ensure that written records are kept of all medicines administered to children.

A record of what has been administered including how much, when and by whom, will be recorded on a 'record of prescribed medicines' form. The form will be kept on file. Any possible side effects of the medication will also be noted and reported to the parent/carers.

Emergency Procedures

Statutory Requirement: The Governing Body will ensure that the school's policy sets out what should happen in an emergency situation.

Where a child has an individual healthcare plan, this will clearly define what constitutes an emergency and provide a process to follow. All relevant staff will be made aware of the emergency symptoms and procedures. We will ensure other children in the school know what to do in the event of an emergency ie. informing an adult immediately if they are concerned about the health of another child.

Where a child is required to be taken to hospital, a member of staff will stay with the child until their parents arrives, this includes accompanying them to hospital by ambulance if necessary (taking any relevant medical information, care plans etc. that the school holds).

Day trips/off site activities

Statutory Requirement: The Governing Body should ensure that their arrangements are clear and unambiguous about the need to support actively pupils with medical conditions to participate in school trips and visits, or in sporting activities, and not prevent them from doing so.

We will ensure that teachers are aware of how a child's medical condition will impact on their participation in any off site activity or day trip, but we will ensure that there is enough flexibility for all children to participate according to their own abilities within reasonable adjustments.

We will consider what reasonable adjustments we might make to enable children with medical needs to participate fully and safely on visits. We will carry out a risk assessment so that planning arrangements take account of any steps needed to ensure that pupils with medical conditions are included. We will consult with parents and pupils and advice from the relevant healthcare professional to ensure that pupils can participate safely.

Other issues

The school has a Salbutamol Asthma inhaler kept in the medical room for emergency use. It is diarised when it has to be renewed. Parents are asked to give permission for its use in the event of an emergency.

Unacceptable practice

Statutory Requirement: The Governing Body will ensure that the school's policy is explicit about what practice is not acceptable.

Staff are expected to use their discretion and judge each child's individual healthcare plan on its merits, it is not acceptable practice to:

- prevent children from easily accessing their inhalers and medication and administering their medication when and where necessary;
- assume that every child with the same condition requires the same treatment;
- ignore the views of the child or their parents; or ignore medical evidence or opinion (although this may be challenged);
- send children with medical conditions home frequently or prevent them from staying for normal school activities, including lunch, unless this is specified in their individual healthcare plans;
- send them to the school office or medical room, if the child becomes ill, unaccompanied or with someone unsuitable;
- penalise children for their attendance record if their absences are related to their medical condition, e.g. hospital appointments;
- prevent pupils from drinking, eating or taking toilet or other breaks whenever they need to in order to manage their medical condition effectively;

- make parents feel obliged to attend school to administer medication or provide medical support to their child, including with toileting issues. No parent should have to give up working because the school is failing to support their child's medical needs; or
- prevent children from participating, or create unnecessary barriers to children participating in any aspect of school life, including school trips e.g. by requiring parents to accompany the child.

Liability and Indemnity

Statutory Requirement: The Headteacher (as delegated to by the Governing Body) will ensure that the appropriate level of insurance is in place and appropriately reflects the level of risk.

Staff at the school are indemnified under the County Council self-insurance arrangements.

The County Council is self-insured and has extended this self-insurance to indemnify school staff who have agreed to administer medication or undertake a medical procedure to children. To meet the requirements of the indemnification, we will ensure that staff at the school have parents' permission for administering medicines and members of staff will have had training on the administration of the medication or medical procedure.

Complaints

Statutory Requirement: The Governing Body will ensure that the school's policy sets out how complaints may be made and will be handled concerning the support provided to pupils with medical conditions.

Should parents or children be dissatisfied with the support provided they can discuss their concerns directly with the Headteacher. If for whatever reason this does not resolve the issue, they may make a formal complaint via the school's complaints procedure.

Emergency Asthma Inhalers (x3)

Since 2015 schools may hold asthma inhalers for emergency use. This is entirely voluntary, and the Department of Health has published a protocol which provides further information. As a school we have agreed to purchase and keep emergency inhalers. These will only be used for those children who are already prescribed asthma inhalers and permission has been obtained by the parents. They will only be used in an emergency and at all times the school will seek to use the child's prescribed inhaler if possible.

Emergency Auto-injectors (x2)

Since October 2017, schools may hold auto-injector devices in school. As a school, we have agreed to purchase and keep emergency auto-injectors. These will be used in line with the training that has been provided for all staff and permission has been obtained from the parents of all children that have a Junior auto-injector in school. It is the school's responsibility to ensure that these are in date.